U.S. EPA Greenhouse Gas Reporting Program

Latin American and Caribbean Regional Workshop MRV of NAMAs as a Key Element of National MRV Systems

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U.S. GHGRP Overview



- US GHG Reporting Program (GHGRP) Background
- Programmatic Requirements/Design Considerations
 - Coverage
 - Methodology
 - Data Collection/e-GGRT
 - Verification
 - Sensitive Business Information
- 2012 GHG Data Snapshot
- Lessons Learned
- Comparison of GHGRP to U.S. National Inventory



U.S. GHGRP Overview



- Required by Congressional Appropriation Act (2008 budget)
- Data collected from the largest emitting industries to provide accurate and timely GHG data to inform future policy
- Reporting threshold is 25,000 metric tons of CO2e per year
- Rule covers 41 source categories for reporting, accounting for 85-90% of total U.S. GHG emissions
- Direct reporting to EPA electronically
- EPA verification of emissions data
- Monitoring began in 2010 for most emission sources with first reports submitted to EPA in September, 2011

U.S. GHGRP Coverage



Devuer	Defining 9	Other Chaminala	Combustion	10/0040	Matala	Minousle	Duly 9	Hinh OWD Cases
Power	Petrochem.	Other Chemicals	Compustion	waste	metais	minerais	Pulp & Paper	High GwP Gases
-Electricity Generation - Electrical Equipment Mfg. - Use of Electrical Equip.	- Petroleum Refineries - Petrochem. Production	 Adipic Acid Ammonia Hydrogen Production Nitric Acid Titanium Dioxide Phosphoric Acid 	- Stationary Combustion	- Municipal Landfills - Industrial Waste Landfills - Waste Water Treatment	- Aluminum - Ferroalloy - Iron & Steel - Lead - Zinc - Magnesium - Silicon Carbide	- Cement - Glass - Lime - Misc. Carbonate Use - Soda Ash Production	- Pulp & Paper	 Fluorinated GHG Prod. HCFC-22 Prod./HFC-23 Destruction Electronics Mfg. Pre-Charged Equip. Imp./Exp. Suppliers of Industrial Gases
Petroleum & Natural Gas Systems – Direct Emissions			Fuel Suppliers			Carbon Capture &Sequestration		Mining
- Onshore Production			- Coal based Liquid Suppliers			- Suppliers of CO2		- Underground Coal Mines
- Offshore Production			- Petroleum Product Suppliers			- Injection of CO2		
- Natural Gas Processing			-Natural Gas Distribution Companies			- Geologic Sequestration of		
- Natural Gas Transmission/Compression			-Natural Gas Liquids Suppliers			002		
- Natural Gas Distribution								
- Underground Natural Gas Storage								
- Liquefied Natural Gas Storage								
- Liquefied Natural G	Bas Import/Export							

U.S. GHGRP Coverage – Threshold Analysis



Electronic Greenhouse Gas

Reporting Tool

Facilities Covered

U.S. GHGRP Methodologies



- What types of methodologies are available for calculating GHGs?
 - Direct measurement
 - Facility-specific calculation (i.e., calculations based on periodic sampling/testing at a facility)
 - Simplified methods using default factors
- What are the sources of methods currently in use?
 - EPA,
 - IPCC,
 - WRI/WBCSD,
 - industry,
 - States (e.g., California)



U.S. GHGRP Methodologies



- Tiered approach used in many sub parts (lower order to higher order)
- In addition to calculation methodologies:
 - Adherence to and reference of Standards (ASTM, ISO etc...)
 - Calibration requirements
 - Missing data procedures
 - Extensive recordkeeping requirements



U.S. GHGRP Data Collection - Data Flow

Electronic Greenhouse Gas Reporting Tool



U.S. GHGRP Data Collection - Data Entry

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8 9

10

11

12

13

14

19



- Data is reported using web forms and spreadsheets.
- Web form data entry
 - User friendly
 - Significant development and testing effort
 - Direct parsing of entered data
- Spreadsheet Reporting form
 - Faster development and testing
 - Harder to parse data

EQ. Q-1: CO2 EMISSIONS CALCULATION

Use equation Q-1 to calculate annual CO2 mass emissions for this Taconite Indurating Fumace.

EQUATION Q-1 SUMMARY AND RESULT



(metric tons)

eadsheet to calculate

(months)

INPUT: SOLID FUEL - FUEL

emissions (metric t

Annual CO2 mass

Annual mass or volume is based on one or more substitute monthly data values

Number of months that missing data procedures were followed, if applicable





U.S. GHGRP Data Collection - Webforms





U.S. GHGRP Data Collection - Webforms

No other fuels or blends present. + ADD an Other Fuel or Blend

SAVE

CANCEL

Fuels/types

Contract



B-GGR

Electronic Greenhouse Gas

U.S. GHGRP Data Verification



Facility Completes Report , Submits, and Self-Certifies

Internal Verification Software with over 4,000 checks Report is verified or referred to enforcement

Resolution by correcting and resubmitting report; or explanation EPA monitors all decisions related to the verification process. Verification requires coordination between multiple parties through EPA

Manual review of flagged potential errors

Contact reporters regarding potential errors



U.S. GHGRP – Sensitive Business Information



- EPA can collect and protect Confidential Business Information (CBI)
- EPA typically makes CBI determinations on a case-by-case basis (e.g., could information cause competitive harm?).
- For the GHGRP, EPA made CBI determinations on a broad category-basis to permit more timely release of data.
- One challenge has been that emissions data collected under the Clean Air Act cannot be considered CBI, including inputs to emissions equations.
- Publish only "publicly available" data.



U.S. GHGRP - Reporting Year 2012 Data







U.S. GHGRP - Reporting Year 2012 Data





U.S. GHGRP - Lessons Learned



- Many critical decisions will influence system design
 - Use of data
 - Coverage-upstream/downstream
 - Threshold
 - Verification
 - Electronic vs. paper reporting
 - Access to data
 - Treatment of sensitive business information
 - Compliance/enforcement structure
- Hard to anticipate ALL the issues up front; have made to make some changes



U.S. GHGRP - Lessons Learned



- Stakeholder engagement/outreach improves "buy-in" and data quality
- Tradeoff of coverage vs. cost
 - Decide how to structure program to maximize coverage/minimize cost (example: US: 10% of Facilities emit 76% of Emissions)
- High quality data begins with high quality submission
 - More up-front costs with electronic reporting but saves money in the long-run and improves data quality
 - Reduces "handling" time
 - Reduces human errors
 - Enables faster verification and analysis
 - Enables faster access to data



Comparing U.S. GHG Inventory and GHG Reporting Program



- The U.S. GHG Inventory is a comprehensive top-down assessment of national GHG emissions and removals which presents emissions across multiple years starting in 1990.
 - U.S. GHG emissions calculated using internationally-accepted methods and nationally appropriate statistics
 - Emissions estimates not provided at the geographic or facility level
 - Includes small industrial emitters, residential and commercial sectors, and transport
 - Includes agriculture and land-use/forestry sectors
- When compared in aggregate, some of the summary emissions totals for specific industries appear different in the Inventory and GHGRP.
 - Different Source Category Definitions
 - Reporting Threshold
 - Lack of Disaggregated Data to Represent Certain Industries
 - Use of Continuous Emissions Monitoring Technologies
 - Differences in use of Default International Factors from Facility-Specific Methods

Comparing U.S. GHG Inventory and GHG Reporting Program







Applying GHGRP Data to National Inventory

Direct Use

 Replace the entire estimate - e.g., categories where the GHGRP has complete coverage

Electronic

 Note: 2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories, Volume I, Chapter 5 "Time Series Consistency"

Indirect Use for Calculations

- Develop a more accurate national emission factor based on plant
 measurements Landfills, Wastewater Treatment (Industrial), Natural Gas Systems, Petroleum Systems
- Disaggregate national estimates to show more detail Industrial sector fossil fuel combustion

Indirect Use for QA/QC

• General QA/QC on a national estimate

Additional Information





Thank You



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