

Welcome to Webinar #2

Success Factor:

“Commitment and Leadership at the highest Political Level”

Using identified good practices to
implement the Paris Agreement

We will start the webinar at 3pm CET



International Partnership
on Mitigation and MRV



LOW EMISSION
CAPACITY BUILDING
PROGRAMME

**NEW
CLIMATE**
INSTITUTE



Webinar Speaker



International Partnership
on Mitigation and MRV

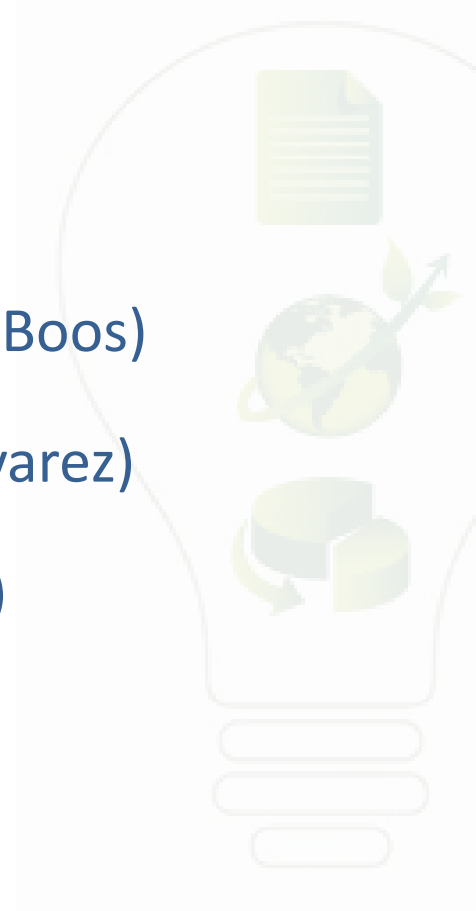
giz Deutsche Gesellschaft
für Internationale
Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) GmbH

Daniela Boos, Advisor, Support Project for The
International Partnership on Mitigation and MRV



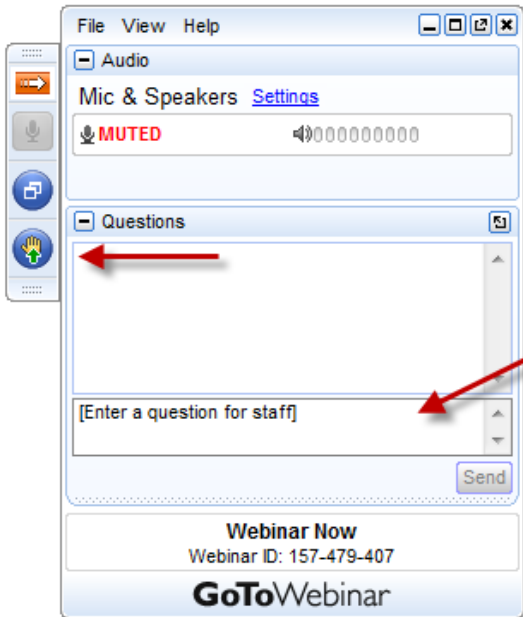
Webinar Agenda

- Webinar Housekeeping (Ms. Daniela Boos)
- Good Practice Analysis: Overview (Ms. Daniela Boos)
 - Country example Dom. Rep. (Mr. Moisés Álvarez)
 - Country example Jordan (Ms. Indira Dahabi)
- Question & Answer Session



Housekeeping

- Questions or technical difficulties?

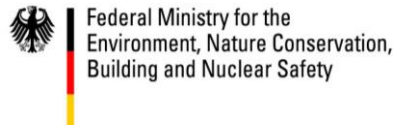


- Raising your hand
- Entering a question via chat

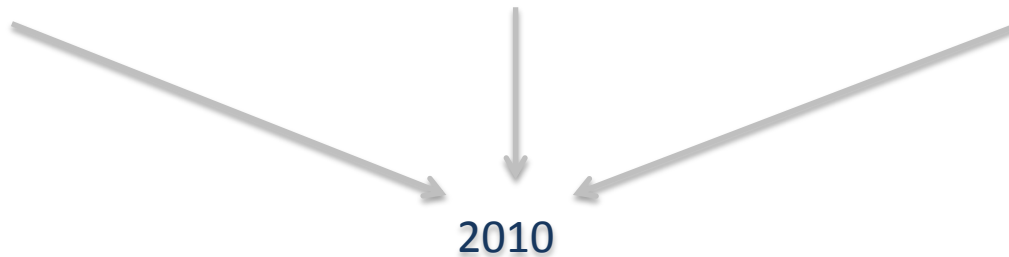
- An audio recording of this webinar with the presentations will be made available on the GPA website following the webinar: <http://mitigationpartnership.net/webinar-series>



The International Partnership on Mitigation and MRV



Ministry of Environment
Republic of Korea



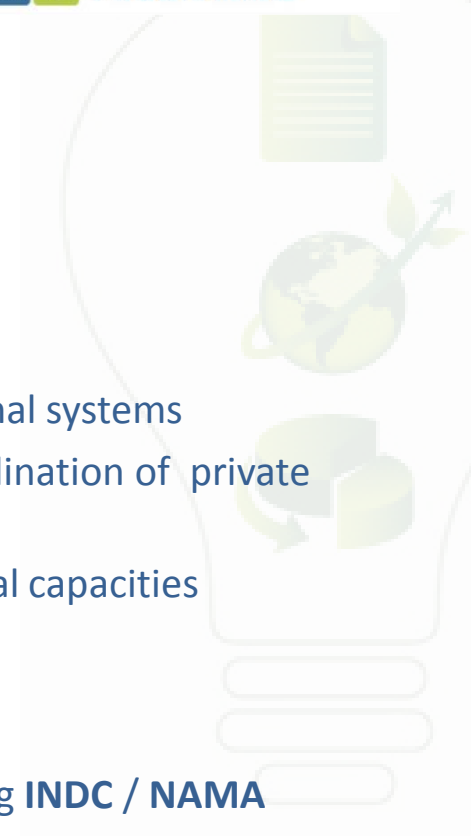
International Partnership
on Mitigation and MRV



UNDP's Low Emission Capacity Building Programme (LECB)



- Launched 2011 by UNDP, EC + Member States
- Global initiative to support national CC mitigation efforts
- Focus, objectives:
 - **Enhancement of national ownership:** Development of robust national systems
 - **Establishment of a multi-stakeholder framework:** Inclusion & Coordination of private and public sector
 - **Support of technical progress:** Strengthen technical and institutional capacities
- Activities:
 - **Design & implementation of effective mitigation activities** (including **INDC / NAMA** preparation)
 - Development of **GHG inventory** management systems (incl. **MRV system**)
 - **Information transfer & awareness raising**



The Global Good Practice Analyses (GPAs)

Joint initiative:

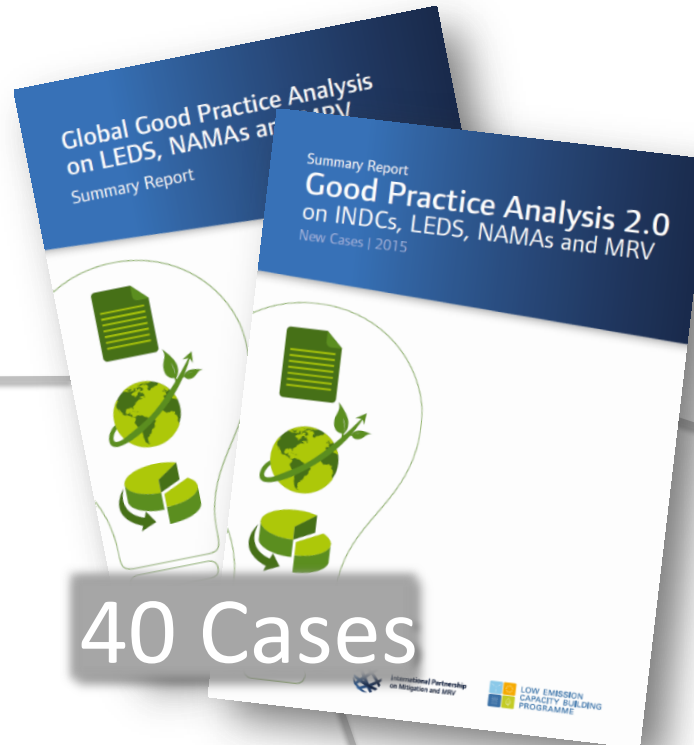


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International Partnership
on Mitigation and MRV

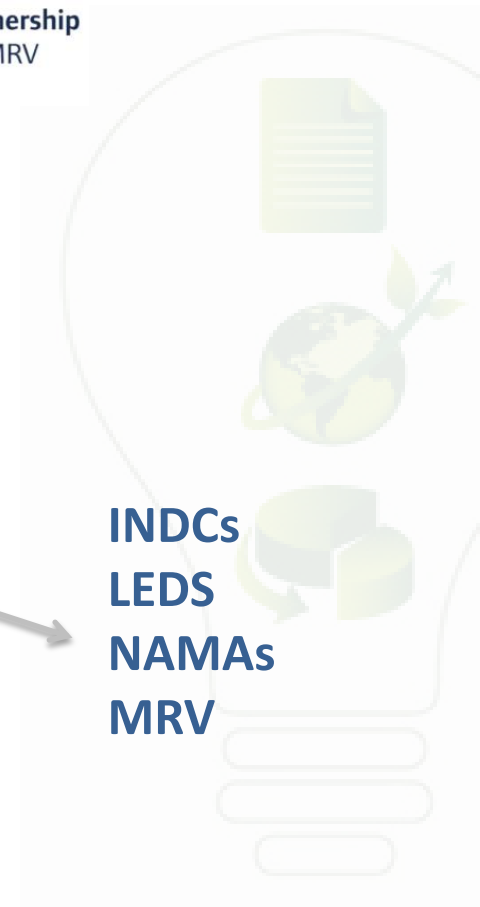
increase
ambition
&
enhance
action



40 Cases

effective design &
implementation

INDCs
LEDS
NAMAs
MRV



Key success factor



Webinar Speaker



Presidencia de la República Dominicana

Consejo Nacional para el Cambio Climático y el Mecanismo de Desarrollo Limpio

Moisés Alvarez, National Council for Climate Change and Clean Development Mechanism in the Dominican Republic





Presidencia de la República Dominicana

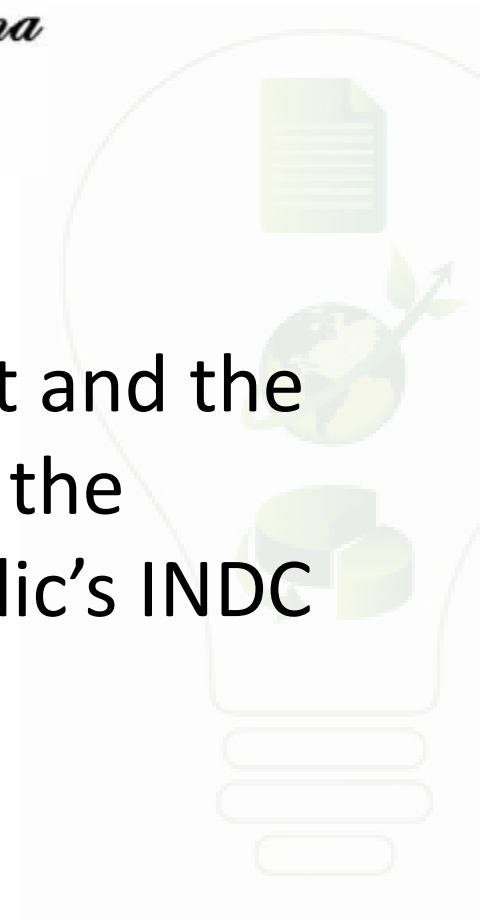
Consejo Nacional para el Cambio Climático
y el Mecanismo de Desarrollo Limpio

Case Study: Stakeholder Involvement and the Consideration of Co-benefits in the Preparation of the Dominican Republic's INDC

Moisés Álvarez
Technical Director

*“Global Good Practice Analysis
Commitment and Leadership at the highest level”*

Wednesday, February 17th, 2016

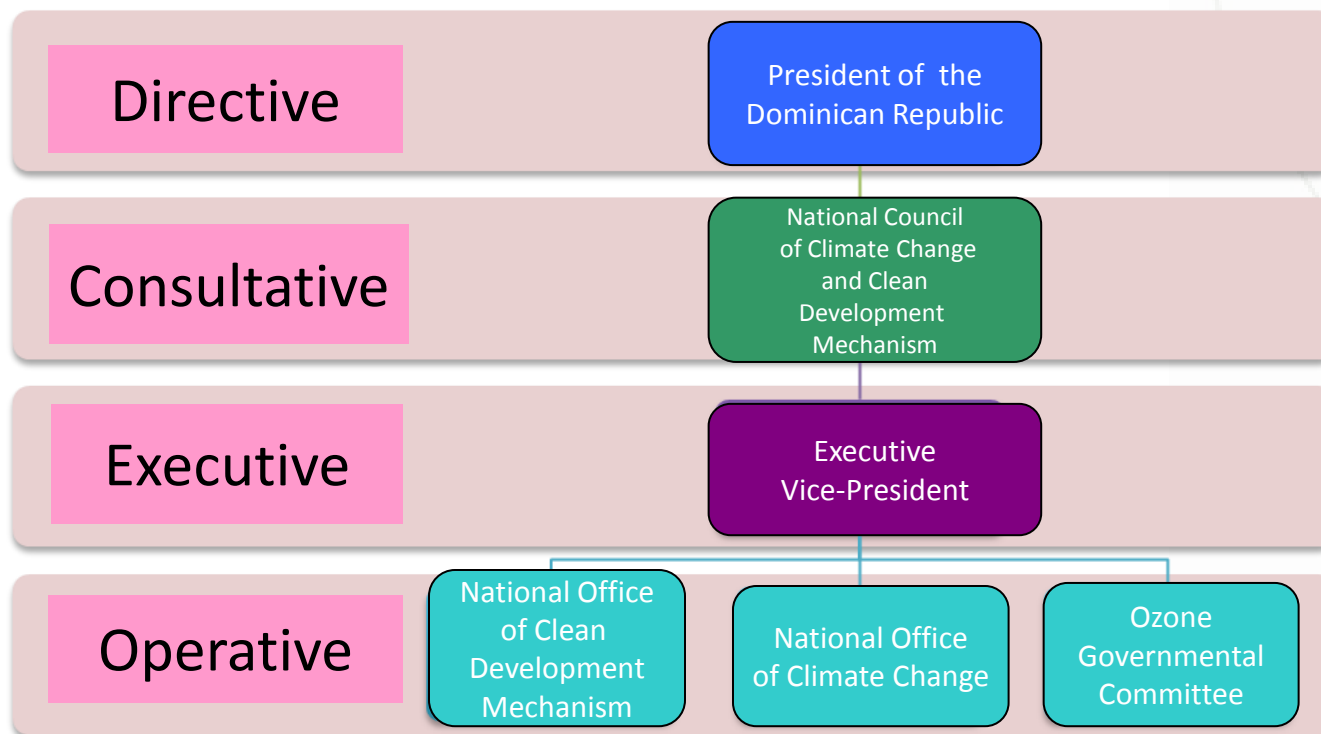




Presidencia de la República Dominicana
Consejo Nacional para el Cambio Climático
y el Mecanismo de Desarrollo Limpio

National Council for Climate Change And Clean Development Mechanism

Administrative Structure:



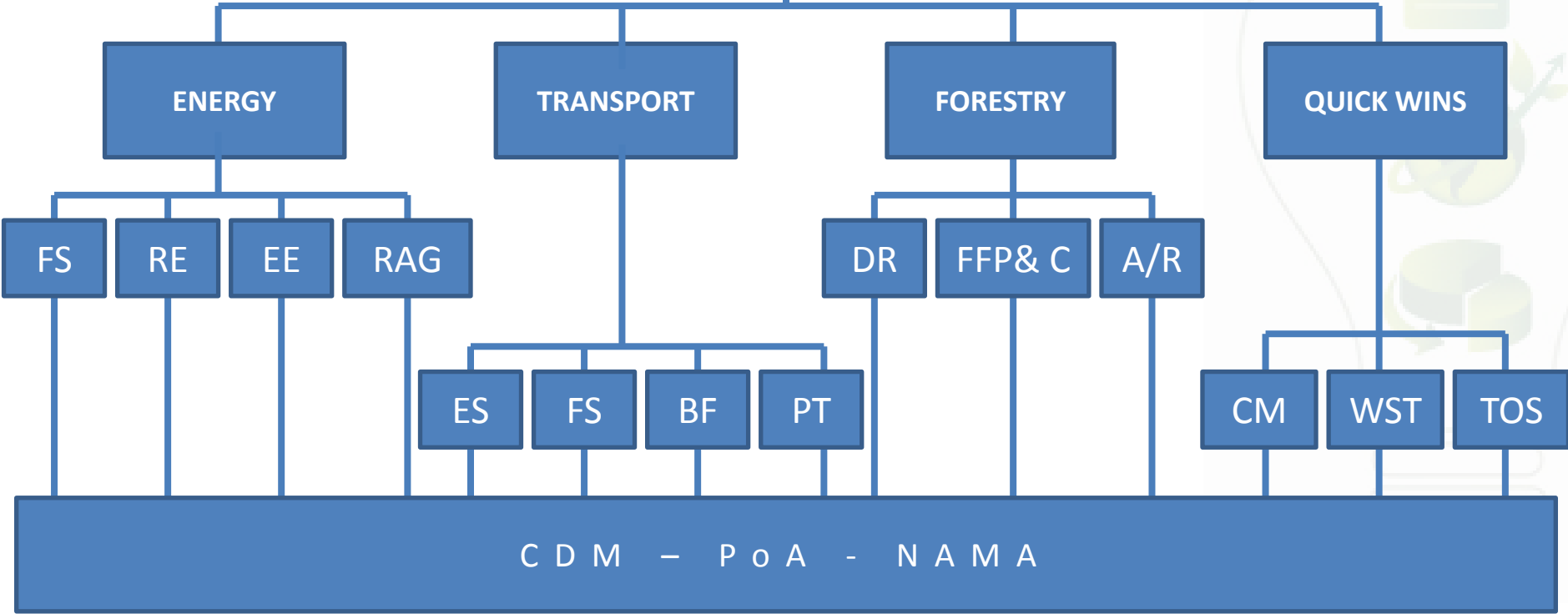
Dominican Republic INDC

Type of Target	Economy wide and conditional
Goal	Reduce emissions intensity from 3.6 tons per capita to 2.8 tons per capita
Base Year	2010
Target Year	2030, with interim targets in 2015, 2020, 2025
Gases Included	CO ₂ , Methane, N ₂ O
Sectors Covered	Energy, Industrial processes and product use, Agriculture, Waste, Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry
Adaptation	Included

INDC
Intended Nationally Determined Contribution

GHGI
Greenhouse Gases Inventory

LEDS (CCDP)
Low Emissions Development Strategy



FS = Fuel Switch
RE = Renewable Energy
EE = Energy Efficiency
RAG = Reduce Auto Generation

ES = Efficiency Standards
FS = Fuel Switch
BF = Biofuels
PT = Public Transportation

DR = Deforestation Reduction
FFP&C = Forest Fire Prevention
& Control
A/R = Afforestation /Reforestation

CM = Cement
WST = Waste
TOS = Tourism



CO-BENEFITS

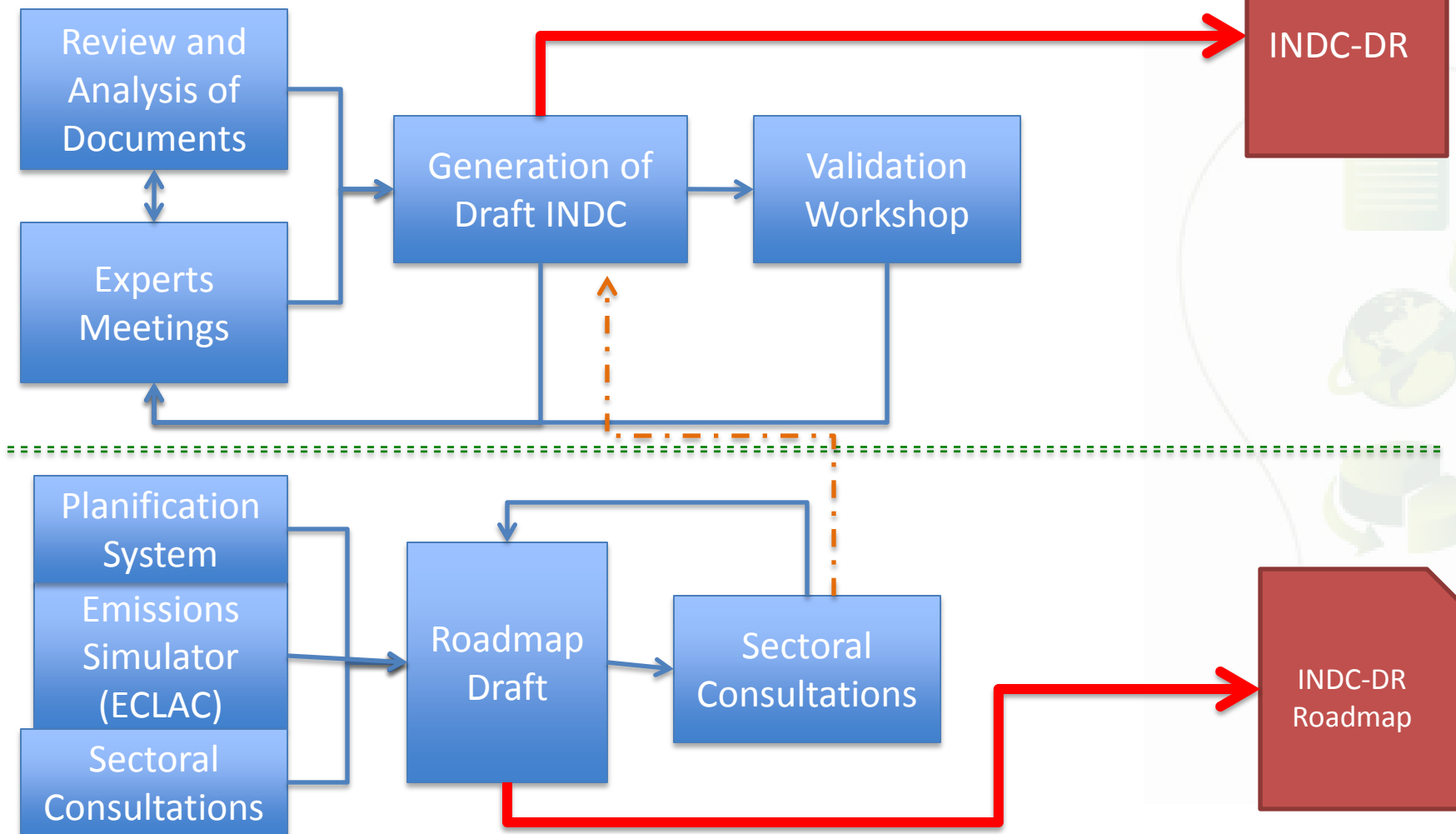
Table 1: Summary of the impacts of CCDP's sectoral actions goals.

Sector	Abatement impact (MtCO ₂)	New permanent jobs	Economic impact (MUSD annual)	Other Non GHG Benefits
Energy	9	35,000	1,000	Cleaner air
Transport	5	25,000	1,700	Cleaner air Black carbon reduction Less traffic congestion
Forestry sector	6	13,000	50	Cleaner air Black carbon reduction
Other (quick wins)	5	25,000	230	Municipal solid waste reduction Better environment

Source: Alvarez, 2015



STAKEHOLDER INVOLVEMENT PROCESS





Presidencia de la República Dominicana

Consejo Nacional para el Cambio Climático
y el Mecanismo de Desarrollo Limpio

BARRIERS

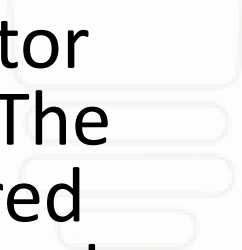
- **Information:** No standardization of information.
- **Capacity:** Different levels of capacity.
- **Time:** Limited time to present the INDCs.





LESSONS LEARNT

- **Co-benefits are the “magic wand” for sectoral involvement:** The availability of quantified information on non-GHG related economic and social benefits, coupled with qualitative information on impacts associated with the proposed actions, helped to create a strong message for stakeholders on potential win-win scenarios. This, in turn, ensured stronger sector level buy-in and involvement in the process. The use of such analysis should be carefully tailored according to each sector’s specific priorities and policy goals.





LESSONS LEARNT

- **Sectoral feedback.** When undertaking a national planning process it is very important to ensure the validation of options and outcomes by the respective sectors. Involving sector experts and stakeholders and taking into consideration their experience, knowledge and lessons learned from previous policy processes, not only creates buy-in but allows for the identification of low carbon measures and plans that are feasible and realistic in the specific context. It also paves the way for smoother implementation of the measures going forward.

Webinar Speaker



MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT

Indira Dahabi, Director of Climate Change
Directorate, Ministry of Environment, Jordan





Ministry of Environment



**“Commitment and Leadership at
the Highest Level”**



Jordan's INDCs Preparation Process

- The preparation of Jordan's INDC, in particular the decision-making process through the inter-ministerial coordination reflects the institutionalisation of climate policy making in Jordan.
- The preparation of the INDC has distinguished itself through several aspects:
 - It was largely a country driven approach that was linked to existing national policies and institutions. There was high-level political leadership and commitment.
 - It also linked all key ministries and sectors through an inter-ministerial approach, which ensured full ownership of the INDC and its respective actions.
- MoEnv played an overall coordinating role and gave technical support where required. MoEnv highlighted the importance of all other ministries by giving each of them responsibility for the contribution of their respective sectors. This gave full ownership to the ministries and made it more participatory and inclusive.

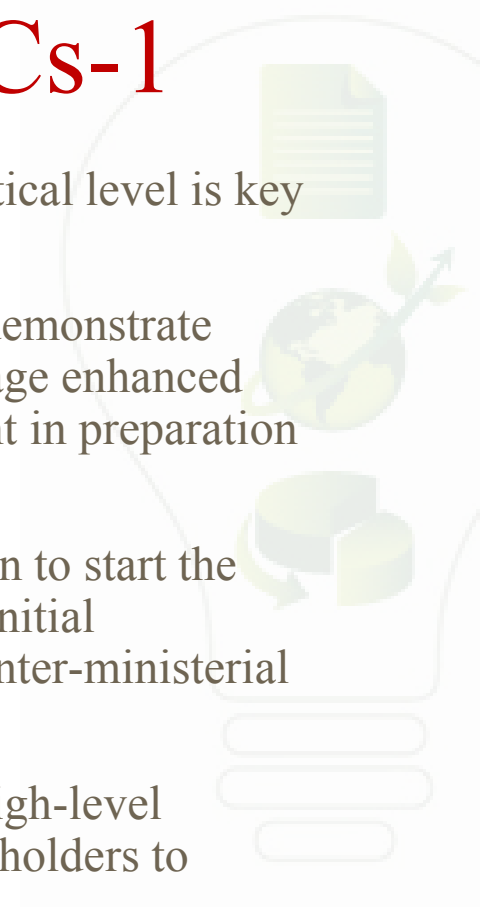


Commitments and Leadership Highlights in Preparing Jordan's INDCs-1

- Strong political commitment and leadership at the highest political level is key factor to success.

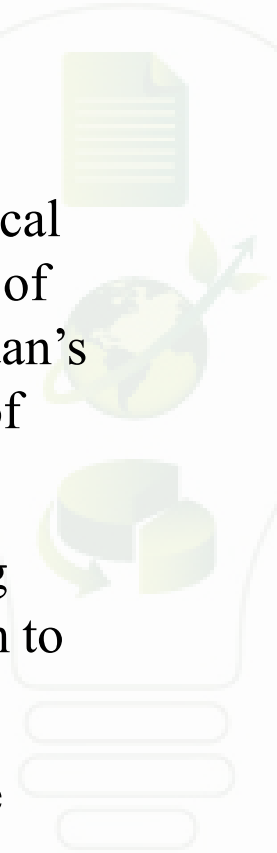
Jordan set out to prepare its INDC in a timely manner in order to demonstrate political leadership in the international negotiations and to encourage enhanced action from other countries. Successful leadership and commitment in preparation of Jordan's INDCs was distinguished in the following :

- Initiation of the process: A high-level political decision was given to start the processes and gave some initial direction. It is important that this initial commitment is maintained throughout the process, e.g. within an inter-ministerial working group.
- Advocacy and awareness-raising: The active involvement of a high-level political leader in outreach activities increase the appetite of stakeholders to engage and ensure broad public backing



Commitments and Leadership Highlights in Preparing Jordan's INDCs-2

- The nature of the INDCs report submission which resembles a political statement presented in a technical form was a game changer in terms of policy approaches to climate change issues with focus placed on Jordan's own contribution and commitment instead of developing a wish list of projects.
- The INDCs process raised the level of awareness and interest among decision makers regarding climate change and the country's approach to target setting.
- The INDCs validation workshop that was organized by GIZ and the MoEnv was attended by 5 ministers and 4 secretary generals which represented the highest political level of interest shown in climate change issues in Jordan so far



Recent Activity of showing Commitment and Leadership-1

Comparative analysis of Jordan's INDCs with 10 other developing countries

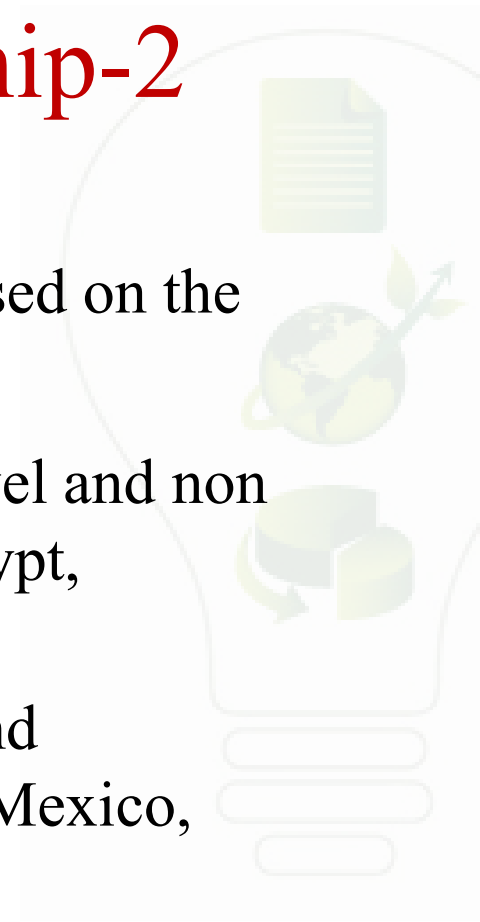
Objective of the comparative analysis:

- Identification of the comparative advantages of Jordan's INDCs in relation to other developing countries.
- Identification of key gaps in Jordan's INDCs that need to be addressed in future communications to the UNFCCC and for national implementation process.
- Distill best practices and content from selected INDCs from developing countries to be used as guiding principles for further enhancement of Jordan's communications to UNFCCC and implementation at home.
- Provision of recommendations for update and implementation based on recent developments in certain key sectors in Jordan, the Paris Agreement text, and other emerging opportunities.

Recent Activity of showing Commitment and Leadership-2

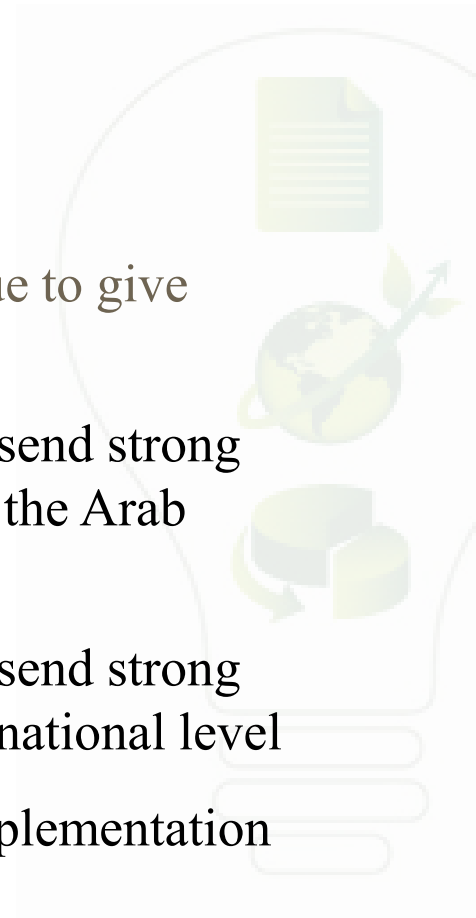
The selection of countries for comparison was based on the following criteria:

- Arab countries of middle income economic level and non oil producing countries (Morocco, Tunisia, Egypt, Lebanon and Yemen).
- Developing countries with ambitious targets and economies in transition in various continents (Mexico, Chile, Rwanda, Moldova and Singapore).



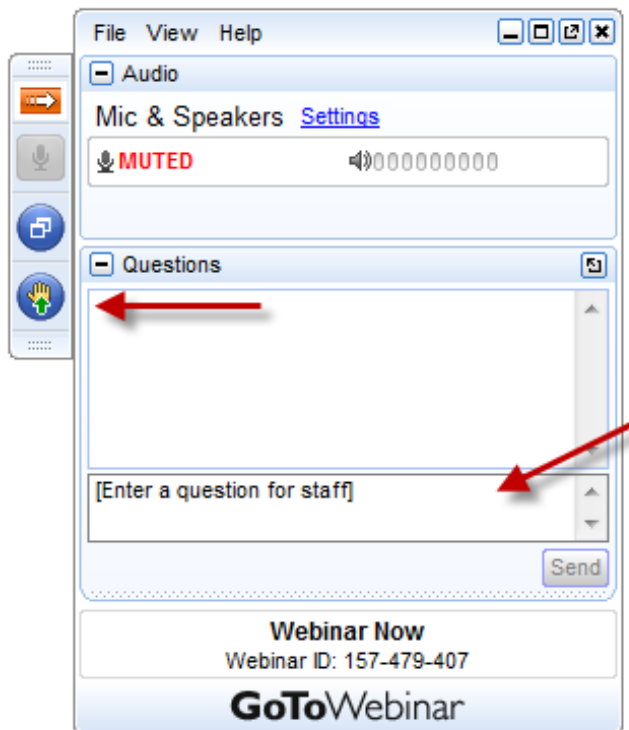
The commitment and Leadership in The Way Forward

- The commitment and Leadership is maintained and continue to give guidance on the way forward:
 - An early and inclusive implementation of the INDC will send strong message to that world that we are showing Leadership in the Arab Region
 - An early and inclusive implementation of the INDC will send strong signals to stakeholders and investors at national and international level
 - The tasks ahead include preparing a road map for the implementation of INDCs and tracking tool for INDC implementation



Open Discussion - Question and Answer Session

Two ways to engage:



- Type your question
- Raise your hand



The Global Good Practice Analysis Database

Filter

Region
- All -
Africa
America
Asia
Europe
Oceania

Country
Costa Rica
Denmark
Dominican Republic
Ecuador
Ethiopia
EU
Georgia

Sector
- All -
AFOLU
Agriculture
Building
Buildings
Carbon dioxide
Cement

Activity
- All -
INDC
LEDS
MRV
NAMA
Other

Barriers
- All -
Capacity
Economic
Financial
Information
Institutional
Socio-cultural

Good Practice Criteria
Immediate relevance and impact
Integrated into existing processes
Leadership and political commitment
Long term impact
Measurable and reliable data
MRV framework
Professional and technical support

APPLY **RESET**

ABOUT Regional Groups Topics Good Practice News Events Projects/Initiatives Resources Links

Developing a national climate compatible development plan (CCDP)

Case Information

Activity: Conceptualization, stakeholder consultation, technical development and initial policy impact of a national climate compatible development plan

Country: Dominican Republic


Sector(s) involved: Energy
Transport
Waste
Cement
Tourism
Forestry

Region: America

Good Practice: Long term impact
Leadership and political commitment
Stakeholder participation
Integrated into existing processes

Timeframe: 2011 - 2012

Case summary: The Dominican Republic, through the leadership of the President's Office, developed a Climate Compatible Development Plan (CCDP) that presents a roadmap to double the size of the economy in twenty years while at the same time cutting emissions by half (a reduction of around 18 MICO_{2e}). The Plan was endorsed and launched by the President in September 2011 and presented at the UNFCCC-COP 17 in Durban[1] that same year.



Parque Eólico Los Cocos, Dominican Republic. (Credits: National Climate Change Council)

GPA Webinar series

» next Webinar #3 will be held early March “Participatory Process”

» exact date and time: tba on

 @Mitigation_MRV or on mitigationpartnership.net/webinar-series

» GPA Webinar Series 2016

webinar recordings are available on YouTube > follow links on mitigationpartnership.net/webinar-series

Webinar 1 Kick-off Webinar 1 & 2 

Webinar 2 Commitment and Leadership at the highest level 

Webinar 3 Participatory Process

Webinar 4 Scientific Analysis and Data Management

Webinar 5 Embedding into National Frameworks

Webinar 6 Learning from International Best Practices

Webinar 7 Long-term Vision

